HOWTO: How to configure IPSEC gateway (office) to gateway

‘How-to’ guides for configuring VPNs with GateDefender Integra

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‘How-to’ guides for Panda GateDefender Integra

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The anti-spam technology in this product is provided by Mailshell. The web filtering technology in this product is provided by Cobion.

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Symbols and styles used in this documentation

Symbols used in this documentation:

Note. Clarification and additional information.

Important. Highlights the importance of a concept.

Tip. Ideas to help you get the most from your program.

Reference. Other references with more information of interest.

Fonts and styles used in the documentation:

Bold: Names of menus, options, buttons, windows or dialog boxes.

Codes style: Names of files, extensions, folders, command line information or configuration files, for example, scripts.

Italics: Names of options related with the operating system and programs or files with their own name.
IPSec gateway-to-gateway

(IP Secure) Security protocol that allows the secure interchange of packets in the IP layer, guaranteeing the security of the link between the device and a network. It offers integrity, authentication, access control and confidentiality for sending IP packets via Internet.

Panda GateDefender Integra includes a VPN system to create your own virtual private networks, widening the reach of your network and ensuring confidential connections.

The purpose of this guide is to describe the steps to create a IPsec virtual private network (VPN) with Panda GateDefender Integra, using real data.

**Note:** It is taken for granted that the Panda GateDefender Integra appliance is already configured, at least basically, and working. For further information about how to install and configure Panda GateDefender Integra, refer to the Installation Guide.

**Important:** Panda GateDefender Integra must be working in Router mode. Otherwise, you will not be able to use the VPN system.

### 1.1 Scenario Setup

The illustration below shows a typical gateway-to-gateway IPSec VPN scenario:

![Figure 6.1 IPSec gateway-to-gateway VPN](image)
Gateway A’s external local IP will be **62.14.249.65** and gateway B will have **62.14.10.163**

Hosts that belong to local subnet A (identified as **192.168.10.0/24** in this how-to) must have configured Integra A LAN IP **192.168.10.1** as a gateway to local subnet B (identified as **192.168.20.0/24** in this how-to). The same applies to hosts on local subnet B; their gateway to local subnet A will be **192.168.20.1**. The route could be defined as a default gateway or implicit route. For the purpose of this how-to we assume that Integra’s LAN IP is the default gateway for corresponding hosts on INTEGRA’s local subnets.

In order to authenticate each gateway, you can use the static key or certificates (TLS).
1.2 Gateway A setup

1.2.1 IP group configuration

The first step when configuring this kind of IPSec VPN will be to define a group of IP addresses that correspond to the IPsec local subnet (behind this gateway) and the IPsec remote subnet (behind gateway B). Hosts on those two subnets will be able to access hosts on the other side by means of the IPSec tunnel that will be created between two gateways.

In order to define the IPsec local and remote subnets, follow the steps described below:

1. Access the Definitions section of the main Panda GateDefender Integra console menu.
2. Select IP addresses.
3. In the Groups section, click on Add.
   A descriptive name of the group must be included in (ipsec gwA subnet will be used in this how-to) the Name field and IP range (192.168.10.0/24 will be used in this how-to) in the IP/Mask radio button section.
4. Click on Add IP and then on Add to save the changes.
5. Click again on Add. This time the descriptive name of the group will be ipsec gwB subnet for this how-to and the corresponding IP range 192.168.20.0/24 will be used.
6. Click on Add IP and then on Add to save the changes.

**IMPORTANT:** Remember that the IPsec local subnet must be different from IPsec remote subnets or any other subnets that are already used in other VPN configuration (including other kind of protocols). If not, routing from local subnet A to remote subnet B would not be possible.

1.2.2 CA and local server certificates

If certificates will be used for authentication purposes, you need to import the public CA certificate which signed the certificate of the remote peer. It is also necessary to import the Integra VPN gateway A local certificate.

In order to import the CA certificate, follow the procedure below:

1. Go to the VPN section of the main Panda GateDefender Integra console menu.
2. Select Digital certificate management.
3. In the CA certificates section, click on Import.
   - Enter the Certificate name (ca will be used in this how-to).
   - Click on Browse... to select the certificate you want to import.
   - Click on Import once you have chosen a CA certificate that you wish to import.
In order to import the local gateway A certificate, follow the procedure below:

1. Go to the **VPN** section of the main Panda GateDefender Integra console menu.
2. Select **Digital certificate management** and, in the **Local certificates** section, click on **Import**.
   
   a. Select if you want to **Import a certificate pending signing** or **Import a certificate with private key** issued by a CA.
   
   b. If you select **Import certificate with private key**, enter PKCS12 Certificate Name (`gw_a` will be used in this how-to) and optionally **Password**.

3. Click on **Browse...** to select the certificate you want to import.
4. Click on **Import** once you have chosen a certificate.
Once the CA and local gateway A certificates have been imported successfully, a screen similar to the one shown below (figure 6.4) is displayed.

Note that if you select **Import certificate with private key**, you can only import PKCS12 format local certificates (the file has .p12 or .pfx extension).
1.2.3 IKE policies

Panda GateDefender Integra lets you define the Phase I and Phase II IKE security policies required for IPSec VPN connection.

To add a new IKE Phase I policy, follow the instructions below:

1. Click on the **VPN** option in the main menu of the Panda GateDefender Integra console and then click on **IPSEC VPN** in the **VPN management** section.
2. Go to the **Phase I IKE** tab.
3. Click on **Add**. This will take you to a screen with the following options:
   - **Name**: Descriptive name of the policy. (IKE I will be used in this how-to)
   - **Force algorithms**: Leave this checkbox disabled not to force the selected algorithms. The two sides of the tunnel will try to use the first of the selected algorithms in order and if this negotiation is not successful, other possibilities that both sides have will be used.
   - **Renew key after**: Optional. Leave this checkbox disabled.
4. Click on **Add** to save the changes.

To add a new IKE Phase II policy, follow the instructions below:

1. Click on the **VPN** option in the main menu of the Panda GateDefender Integra console and then click on **IPSEC VPN** in the **VPN management** section.
2. Go to the **Phase II IKE** tab.
3. Click on **Add**. This will take you to a screen with the following options:
   - **Name**: Descriptive name of the policy. (IKE II will be used in this how-to).
   - **Force algorithms**: Leave this checkbox disabled not to force the selected algorithms. Two sides of the tunnel will try to use the first of the selected algorithms in order and if this negotiation is not successful, other possibilities that both sides have will be used.
   - **Renew key after**: Optional. Leave this checkbox disabled.
4. Click on **Add** to save the changes.

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1.2.4 IPSec VPN configuration on gateway A

Using the static key

This section is related to the IPSec configuration using the static key.

In order to configure IPSec using the static key with previously defined elements, follow the instructions below:

1. Go to the Panda GateDefender Integra administration console.
2. Click on **VPN** in the panel on the left.
3. Then select **VPN management**, and then **IPSEC VPN management**.

The available options are:

1. **Name**: Enter the descriptive name of the VPN. (**IPSEC VPN1** will be used in this how-to)
2. **Local IP**: Enter the **local public IP address** or choose **IP assigned by DHCP** (**Local public IP 62.14.249.65** will be used in this how-to).
3. **Remote IP**: Enter the **remote public IP address** or choose **IP assigned by DHCP** (**Remote public IP 62.14.10.163** will be used in this how-to).
4. **Phase 1 policy**: Use the drop-down menu to select the IKE I policy you want to apply. (**IKE I** will be used in this how-to)
5. Select an authentication type to use: **Static key**.
6. When you choose **Static key**, enter a static key to use. If you want, click on the **Autogenerate** button to create a key automatically (the static key used for this how-to will be **oLfQ4RnKCzr**).
7. **Local subnet**: Select a subnet from those defined in the drop-down menu. (**ipsec gwA subnet** will be used in this how-to)
8. **Remote subnet**: Select a subnet from those defined in the drop-down menu. (**ipsec gwB subnet** will be used in this how-to)
9. **Phase II policy**: IKE II policy identifier of this tunnel. (**IKE II** will be used in this how-to)

Once the IPSEC part has been configured, the corresponding configuration screen will be similar to figure 6.5
Figure 6.5
Using TLS

This section is related to the IPSec configuration using TLS.

In order to configure IPSec using TLS with previously defined elements, follow the instructions below:

1. Go to the Panda GateDefender Integra administration console.
2. Click on VPN in the panel on the left.
3. Then select VPN management, and then IPSec VPN management.

The available options are:

1. **Name**: Enter the descriptive name of the VPN. (IPSIC VPN1 will be used in this how-to)
2. **Local IP**: Enter the local public IP address or choose IP assigned by DHCP (Local public IP 62.14.249.65 will be used in this how-to)
3. **Remote IP**: Enter the remote public IP address or choose IP assigned by DHCP (Remote public IP 62.14.10.163 will be used in this how-to)
4. **Phase 1 policy**: Use the drop-down menu to select the IKE I policy you want to apply. (IKE I will be used in this how-to)
5. Select an authentication type to use: X.509 certificate and you will have the following options:
   - **Remote ID**: Specify distinguished gateway B name. (following remote ID will be used in this how-to):
     
     C=ES, ST=VI, O=PANDA, OU=PSI, CN=gw_b, emailAddress=vpntest@pandasoftware.com

     You can obtain it from the gateway B certificate gw_b, using the following command from the ms-command prompt and assuming that you have installed an openssl or openvpn program:

     # openssl x509 –in gw_b.crt –text –noout

   - **Local ID: X-509 certificate**: Use the drop-down menu to select the certificate you want. (gw_a will be used in this how-to)

   - **Additional local ID**: You also have the following options:
     
     - IP: Enter the local IP address. By default, you will see the IP entered in the IPSec global configuration screen.
     - FQDN domain (Fully Qualified Domain Name): Name of the fully qualified domain.
     - Email address. Email address used for the identification.

6. **Local subnet**: Select a subnet from those defined in the drop-down menu. (ipsec gwA subnet will be used in this how-to)
7. **Remote subnet**: Select a subnet from those defined in the drop-down menu. (*ipsec gwB subnet* will be used in this how-to)

8. **Phase II policy**: IKE II policy identifier of this tunnel. (*IKE II* will be used in this how-to)

Once the IPSEC part has been configured, the corresponding configuration screen will be similar to figure 6.6

![VPN:IPSEC VPN](image)

**Figure 6.6**

Note that if there is any NAT device between two Integra VPN gateways, then you should enable the NAT transversal verification checkbox as shown below.
1.3 Gateway B setup

1.3.1 IP group configuration

Once again, define a group of IP addresses that correspond to the IPsec local subnet (behind this gateway) and remote subnet (behind gateway A). Hosts on those two subnets will be able to access hosts on the other side by means of IPSec tunnel that will be created between two gateways.

In order to define the IPsec local and remote subnets follow the steps described below:

1. Access the Definitions section of the main Panda GateDefender Integra console menu.
2. Select IP addresses.
3. In the Groups section, click on Add.
   A descriptive name of the group must be provided (ipsec gwB subnet will be used in this how-to) in the Name field and IP range (192.168.20.0/24 will be used in this how-to) in the IP/ Mask radio button section.
4. Click on Add IP and then on Add to save the changes.
5. Click again on Add. This time the descriptive name of the group will be ipsec gwA subnet for this how-to and the corresponding IP range 192.168.10.0/24 will be used.
6. Click on Add IP and then on Add to save the changes.

**IMPORTANT:** Remember that the IPsec local subnet must be different from the IPsec remote subnets or any other subnets that are already used in other VPN configuration (including other kind of protocols). If not, routing from local subnet B to remote subnet A would not be possible.

1.3.2 CA and local server certificates

If certificates will be used for authentication purposes, you need to import the public CA certificate which signed the certificate of the remote peer. It is also necessary to import the Integra VPN gateway B local certificate.

In order to import CA certificate, follow the procedure below:

1. Go to the VPN section of the main Panda GateDefender Integra console menu.
2. Select Digital certificate management.
3. In the CA certificates section, click on the Import button.
   - Enter Certificate name (ca would be used in this how-to).
   - Click on Browse... to select the certificate you want to import.
   - Click on Import once you have chosen a CA certificate that you wish to import.
In order to import local gateway B certificate, follow the procedure below:

1. Go to the VPN section of the main Panda GateDefender Integra console menu.
2. Select Digital certificate management and, in the Local certificates section, click on Import.
   a. Select if you want to Import a certificate pending signing or Import a certificate with private key issued by a CA.
   b. If you select Import certificate with private key, enter PKCS12 Certificate Name (gw_b will be used in this how-to) and optionally Password.
3. Click on Browse... to select the certificate you want to import.
4. Click on Import once you have chosen a certificate.

Once the CA and local gateway B certificates have been imported successfully, a screen similar to the one shown below (figure 6.9) is displayed.
Figure 6.9

Note that if you select **Import certificate with private key**, you can only import PKCS12 format local certificates (the file has p12 extension).
1.3.3 IPSec VPN configuration on gateway B

Using the static key

This section is related to the IPSec configuration using the static key.

In order to configure IPSec using the static key with previously defined elements, follow the instructions below:

1. Go to the Panda GateDefender Integra administration console.
2. Click on VPN in the panel on the left.
3. Then select VPN management, and then IPSEC VPN management.

The available options are:

1. **Name**: Enter the descriptive name of the VPN. (IPSEC VPN1 will be used in this how-to)
2. **Local IP**: Enter the local public IP address or choose IP assigned by DHCP (Local public IP 62.14.10.163 will be used in this how-to).
3. **Remote IP**: Enter the remote public IP address or choose IP assigned by DHCP (Remote public IP 62.14.249.65 will be used in this how-to).
4. **Phase 1 policy**: Use the drop-down menu to select the IKE I policy you want to apply. (IKE I will be used in this how-to).
5. Select an authentication type to use: Static key.
6. When you choose Static key, enter a static key to use. If you want, click on the Autogenerate button to create a key automatically (static key used for this how-to will be oLfQ4RnKCzr).
7. **Local subnet**: Select a subnet from those defined in the drop-down menu. (ipsec gwB subnet will be used in this how-to)
8. **Remote subnet**: Select a subnet from those defined in the drop-down menu. (ipsec gwA subnet will be used in this how-to)
9. **Phase II policy**: IKE II policy identifier of this tunnel. (IKE II will be used in this how-to)

Once the IPSEC part has been configured, the corresponding configuration screen will be similar to figure 6.10
Figure 6.10
Using TLS

This section is related to the IPSec configuration using TLS.

In order to configure IPSec using TLS with previously defined elements, follow the instructions below:

1. Go to the Panda GateDefender Integra administration console.
2. Click on VPN in the panel on the left.
3. Then select VPN management, and then IPSEC VPN management.

The available options are:

1. **Name**: Enter the descriptive name of the VPN. (IPSEC VPN1 will be used in this how-to)
2. **Local IP**: Enter the local public IP address or choose IP assigned by DHCP (Local public IP 62.14.249.65 will be used in this how-to).
3. **Remote IP**: Enter the remote public IP address or choose IP assigned by DHCP (Remote public IP 62.14.10.163 will be used in this how-to).
4. **Phase 1 policy**: Use the drop-down menu to select the IKE I policy you want to apply. (IKE I will be used in this how-to)
5. Select an authentication type to use: **X.509 certificate** and you will have the following options:

   - **Remote ID**: Specify distinguished gateway A name. (following remote ID will be used in this how-to)
     
     C=ES, ST=VI, O=PANDA, OU=PSI, CN=gw_a, emailAddress=vpntest@pandasoftware.com

     You can obtain it from gateway A certificate gw_a using the following command from the ms-command prompt, assuming that you have installed an openssl or openvpn program:

     ```
     # openssl x509 -in gw_a.crt -text -noout
     ```

   - **Local ID**: **X-509 certificate**: Use the drop-down menu to select the certificate you want. (gw_b will be used in this how-to)

     ![Note](image)

     **Note**: The Gateway B certificate must be a client certificate, not another server certificate.

   - **Additional local ID**: You also have the following options:

     o **IP**: Enter the local IP address. By default, you will see the IP entered in the IPSec global configuration screen.
     o **FQDN domain** (Fully Qualified Domain Name): Name of the fully qualified domain.
6. **Local subnet**: Select a subnet from those defined in the drop-down menu. (*ipsec gwB subnet* will be used in this how-to)

7. **Remote subnet**: Select a subnet from those defined in the drop-down menu. (*ipsec gwA subnet* will be used in this how-to)

8. **Phase II policy**: IKE II policy identifier of this tunnel. (*IKE II* will be used in this how-to)

Once the IPSEC part has been configured, the corresponding configuration screen will be similar to figure 6.11.

![IPSEC Screen](image)

**Figure 6.11**

Note that if there is any NAT device between a two Integra VPN gateways, then you should enable the NAT transversal verification checkbox as shown in Figure 6.7.
1.4 Establishing a VPN connection

To initiate IPSec VPN between two gateways, proceed as follows:

Mark the **Active** checkbox on both gateways to enable configuration, as shown in corresponding figures 6.12 and 6.13.

![Figure 6.12](image1)

![Figure 6.13](image2)

In order to disconnect it, just disable the **Active** checkbox on any side of the tunnel and then click on **OK**.

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1.5 Further considerations

If the Integra firewall is used, the encryption protocol configuration rules will automatically be entered in the firewall.

If there are routers or firewalls between the two gateways, the following ports and protocols must be enabled for IPSec VPN to work properly:

- UDP port 500 (IKE)
- IP protocol 50 (ESP), 51 (AH) or
- UDP port 4500 (NAT-T): needed when there is at least a SNAT device between two gateways (the usual situation)

Note that IP 50 is a protocol, not a port.

If the SNAT option is enabled for the local network that intervenes in the VPN in any of the GateDefender Integra configurations -the Static key or certificates-, you need to add a NAT rule with a higher priority than the previous rule. This rule should ensure that the change of source IP header belonging to SNAT is not applied to the VPN traffic before the packets are routed to the tunnel. To do this, the Keep original address check box must be selected:

![Filter rule](Image)

The example in the screenshot shows the rule to add to ensure that traffic from network 192.168.10.0 can be correctly routed through the VPN tunnel to the roadwarriors’ network 192.168.20.0
1.6 Configuration checking

To check your IPSec VPN configuration, please follow the procedure described below:

1. Access the Panda GateDefender Integra administration console.
2. Click on VPN in the panel on the left.
3. Then select VPN Monitor which will allow you to see the status of all established VPN connections.

Once the VPN tunnel has been established between two gateways, the following test should be performed on each local VPN subnetworks, in order to reach the remote one.

In order to carry out such a task, the command prompt that should be used is the following:

**ping -n 10 192.168.20.100**

When running this command, it pings from the host that belongs to the gateway A VPN subnetwork to the host that resides on the internal network behind VPN gateway B, and gateway A should see the icmp response message.

Note that only those packets from the local VPN subnet to the remote one will be encrypted. This means that if you ping between hosts that belong to one of the gateway's internal VPN subnetworks and an external IP address of another gateway the traffic will not be encrypted at all because the purpose of a gateway to gateway (or as mentioned, subnet to subnet) VPN tunnel is to ensure privacy only between two subnets.